FACULTY OF SCIENCE
SYLLABI

FOR

B.Sc. MICROBIAL & FOOD TECHNOLOGY

(1st to 6th Semester)

EXAMINATIONS 2017-2018

--:O:--
B.Sc. (Microbial & Food Technology)

Note
1. A student who has passed the +2 Examination under 10+2+3 system of education of a recognized university/Board/Council or any other examination recognized by the Panjab University as equivalent thereto shall be eligible to offer the subject of Microbial & Food Technology at the B.Sc. level, if the student has passed the +2 examination with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics/ Biology as their subjects.
2. Only such colleges which have all necessary infrastructure of equipment and staff shall admit students to the subject of microbial and food technology. The infrastructure must be approved by the University as per usual practice.

Scheme of examination:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAPERS</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>TITLE</th>
<th>DURATION</th>
<th>MARKS</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(B.Sc PART I) (2016-17) Semester I</td>
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<tr>
<td>PAPER I</td>
<td>BMF 1001</td>
<td>General and Food Microbiology</td>
<td>3 hrs.</td>
<td>75 (60+15*)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BMF 1051</td>
<td>Practical</td>
<td>3 hrs.</td>
<td>25 (20+5*)</td>
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<td>PAPER II</td>
<td>BMF 1002</td>
<td>Microbial and Food Biochemistry</td>
<td>3 hrs.</td>
<td>75 (60+15*)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BMF 1052</td>
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<td>3 hrs.</td>
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<td>PAPER III</td>
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<td>Paper D Practical</td>
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<td>PAPER IV</td>
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<td>HCP/PUNJABI</td>
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Semester II

| PAPER I         | BMF 2001 | Industrial Microbiology and Fermentation Technology | 3 hrs.   | 75 (60+15*) |
|                 | BMF 2051 | Practical                                          | 3 hrs.   | 25 (20+5*)  |
| PAPER II        | BMF 2002 | Principles of Food Preservation and Packaging      | 3 hrs.   | 75 (60+15*) |
|                 | BMF 2052 | Practical                                          | 3 hrs.   | 25 (20+5*)  |
| PAPER III       |        | Chemistry                                          |          | 75     |
|                 |        | Paper A Inorganic Chemistry                        |          |        |
|                 |        | Paper B Organic Chemistry                          |          |        |
|                 |        | Paper C Physical Chemistry                         |          |        |
|                 |        | Paper D Practical                                  |          |        |
| PAPER IV        |        | HCP/PUNJABI                                        |          | 50     |
| PAPER V         |        | Environment, Road Safety Education And Violence Against Women And Children (same as for B.Sc. Pass Course Students) (Qualifying) | | |

PAPER VI  Job Training: Four weeks training in a reputed Industry / Institution after B.Sc. – IISEMESTER Final exams*.

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<td>PAPER I</td>
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<td>PAPER III</td>
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PAPER V  Job Training: Four weeks training in a reputed Industry / Institution after B.Sc. – IVth SEMESTER Final exams*.

| TOTAL MARKS | 700 |

(B.Sc PART III) | Semester V |
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Project Work (70 marks) + Job Training done after II and IV SEMESTER Examination (30 marks)

* Marks for job training done in B.Sc I and B.Sc II to be credited in B.Sc III

| TOTAL MARKS | 100 |

GRAND TOTAL (I-VI SEMESTER) | 2100 |

Note : * Denotes marks for the Internal Assessment.
B.B.Sc. PART I
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION
SEMESTER I

BMF 1001 – GENERAL AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY  Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 60
Int. Ass. : 15
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the Examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To introduce to students fundamental concepts of microbiology which includes microbial diversity, their morphological and functional properties, techniques to study microorganisms, growth and control of microorganisms as well as food spoilage and its control. The syllabus of this paper is designed not only to give theoretical knowledge but 25% weightage is given to impart hands on training to enhance the skills.

UNIT I
1. Introduction – Discovery of microbial world, Importance of microbiology, Microbial classification and nomenclature, Characteristics of major groups of microorganisms: Archaea, Bacteria, Fungi, Protozoa, and Virus and Bacteriophages.
2. Prokaryotic cell structure and function: Cell morphology; the capsule and slime layer; cell wall; cell membrane; ribosome; flagella; fimbriae and pili; nuclear region and spores.
3. Microbial Nutrition: Nutritional requirements of microbes; Types of culture media; Classification of microbes on the basis of nutritional requirements, Identification of bacteria.

UNIT II
4. Bacterial Growth - Bacterial growth curve, Methods of measurement of growth, Bacterial growth at high and low temperature; Other environmental factors affecting microbial growth, Synchronous and Diauxic growth.
5. Control of microorganisms:- Physical and Chemical methods of sterilization/Disinfection.
6. Human-Microbial Interactions: Normal flora –Gastrointestinal tract; Pathogenic mechanisms of food borne bacteria, Brief account of mechanisms of action of chemotherapeutic agents, Introduction to specific and nonspecific defense mechanisms to infections.

UNIT III
7. Food-borne Pathogens: General characteristics and brief account of food borne diseases caused by Staphylococcus aureus; Clostridium botulinum; C. perfringens; Listeria monocytogenes; Salmonella; Escherichia coli; Yersinia enterocolitica; Vibrio parahaemolyticus, Mycotoxins.

UNIT IV
9. Food Spoilage - Contamination of foods from natural sources, Intrinsic and Extrinsic parameters of food that affect microbial growth, Associations of microorganisms involved in spoilage, Physical and Chemical changes in food caused by micro-organisms.

REFERENCE BOOKS
5. Pelczar, Reid and Chan, 2008, Microbiology, McGraw hill Ed, ND
BMF 1002 – MICROBIAL AND FOOD BIOCHEMISTRY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Max. Marks</th>
<th>Theory</th>
<th>Int. Ass.</th>
<th>Time</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>3 hours</td>
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</table>

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

**Objectives:** The paper provides basic information on chemical, physical and functional properties of various biomolecules present in food and how they contribute to the overall quality of foods. The syllabus of this paper is designed not only to give theoretical knowledge but 25% weightage is given to impart hands on training to enhance the skills.

**UNIT I**
1. **Introduction to Biomolecules** - Major and minor constituents of food, Bioavailability of nutrients, their functions, sources, Basics of bioenergetics.
2. **Enzymes** - Enzymes classification and nomenclature; coenzymes, cofactor, kinetics, factors affecting catalytic efficiency of enzymes, allosteric enzymes, feedback inhibition; Competitive and non-competitive inhibition.

**UNIT II**
3. **Carbohydrates** - Classification, structure & properties, Catabolism of carbohydrates - glycolysis, TCA, electron transport chain, Pentose phosphate pathway, Entner Doudoroff pathway, Fermentation, Anaerobic respiration; artificial sweeteners.
5. **Lipids** - Classification, Structure and functions - saturated, unsaturated and phospholipids, Catabolism of fatty acids - Alpha and Beta oxidation pathways.

**UNIT III**
6. **Biosynthetic Pathways** - Brief account of Biosynthesis of sugars and polysaccharides, amino acids, nucleotides, fatty acids and lipids in prokaryotes, biosynthesis of bacterial cell wall.
8. **Vitamins and minerals** - Classification, sources and functions.

**UNIT IV**
10. **Flavours** - Definition and basic taste factors, chemistry of food flavors from cocoa, coffee, vanilla beans and spices, flavor changes in fats and oil, flavor and aroma’s of food.
11. **Changes in food constituents during processing** - Changes in carbohydrates on cooking, Browning and Maillard reactions, Effects of physic-chemical conditions on proteins, Denaturation of proteins, Oxidative and Hydrolytic Rancidity.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**
5. De, Amit Krishna., 2012, Biochemistry, S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi, India.
BMF 1051 – (GENERAL AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY)

1. Introduction and study of microbiological instruments.
2. Media preparation, aseptic techniques and transfer of microorganisms.
3. To study various culture techniques- pour plating, spread plating and streaking.
4. Microscopy: study, use and care of compound microscope.
5. To study effect of chemical disinfectants on bacterial growth by filter paper disc method.
6. To study morphology of bacteria by simple staining and negative staining.
7. Principle, procedure and use of gram staining method.
8. Staining of bacterial spores.
9. To distinguish the growth characteristics of microorganisms in various differential and selective media.
10. Identification of fungi by Lactophenol cotton blue staining method.
11. Sampling and observation of microorganisms from natural sources.
12. To study serial dilutions of the sample and plate counts.
13. To perform antibacterial testing by Kirby-Bauer method.
15. Presumptive coliform test for milk, butter and ice-cream.
16. Yeast and mold count for butter and dahi.
BMF -1052 (MICROBIAL AND FOOD BIOCHEMISTRY)  
Max. Marks : 20  
Int. Ass. : 5  
Time : 3 hours

1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates.  
2. Qualitative analysis of amino acids.  
3. Determination of pK and pI values of an amino acid.  
4. To perform isoelectric precipitation of proteins.  
5. Quantitative estimation of amino acids by ninhydrin.  
6. Determination of acidity and pH of food product.  
7. Determination of Protein by kjeldhal method.  
9. Determination of acid value in given oil.  
10. Determination of melting points of different types of oils.  
15. Determination of ash content and different types of ash.
### समीक्षा पत्रिका

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<tr>
<th>विभाग</th>
<th>30 अंक</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>विशेष विचार</td>
<td>35 अंक</td>
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#### गति

आउट-आउट (कदम देखकर संबंध)

पंपचंद डा. प्रभावविहीन मिश्र डा. इण्डियन मिश्र मंड 

पुस्तक: गुड देल सेड पुस्तकेंगिटी, ओमिनाड, 2006

आउट-आउट माध्यम से कदम देखकर विचार मूल्य मध्य मध्य विस्तारित (देखकर देखकर)

2½ अंक

आउट-आउट माध्यम विस्तारित भविष्यवाणी कदम में कदम कित्तर (देखकर देखकर)

4 अंक

वेदान्त विचारी माध्यम (आउट-आउट) संस्थान अंतर्गत मध्य मध्य मध्य

2½ अंक

विचार देखकर पुस्तक से पुस्तक (7 देखकर 5)

नवरत्नी अंक अध्याय के पंपचंद हूँ वर्तमान भविष्यवाणी मध्य पुस्तक कित्तर (देखकर देखकर)

3½ अंक

विचार विभाग:

5 अंक

(1) विशेष विनिमय

(2) कदम के कदम के मध्य विनिमय

(3) अपराधिता के कदम के कदम के कदम

माध्यम विचार मध्य मध्य विचार के सीधे, जोड़ से जोड़ से

5 अंक

विचार नेट: ऐसे कदम तो कदम तो कदम देखकर देखकर 6 पीतीय
Paper – BIN-1003  HISTORY AND CULTURE OF PUNJAB – I

Instructions for the paper-setter and candidates: (for paper in Semester I & II)

1. The syllabus has been divided into four Units. There shall be 9 questions in all. The first question is compulsory and shall be short answer type containing 10 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 5 short answer type questions. Each question will carry 1 mark. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two essay type questions and the candidate shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit-IV in all. Each question will carry 10 marks.

2. For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment. The paper-setter must put note (2) in the question paper.

3. One question from Unit-IV shall be set on the map.

Explanation:
1. Each essay type question would cover about one-third or one-half of a topic detailed in the syllabus.
2. The distribution of marks for the map question would be as under:
   Map   : 06 Marks
   Explanatory Note : 04 Marks
   In case a paper setter chooses to set a question of map on important historical places, the paper setter will be required to ask the students to mark 6 places on map of 1 mark each and write explanatory note on any two of 2 marks each.
3. The paper-setter would avoid repetition between different types of question within one question paper.

PAPER : HISTORY AND CULTURE OF PUNJAB FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO 1849

Max. Marks : 50
Theory : 45
Internal Assessment : 05
Time : 3 Hours

Objectives: To introduce the students to the history of the Punjab region.
Pedagogy: Lectures, library work and discussions.

UNIT I

UNIT II
4. Society and Culture under Maurayas
5. Society and Culture under Gupta
6. Cultural Reorientation: main features of Bhakti; origin and development of Sufism

UNIT III
9. Institution of Khalsa: new baptism; significance

UNIT IV
10. Changes in Society in 18th century: social unrest; emergence of misls and institutions-rakhi, gurmata, dal khalsa.
11. Society and Culture of the people under Maharaja Ranjit Singh

Suggested Readings:
5. Basham, A.L : The Wonder That was India, Rupa Books, Calcutta (18th rep.),1992
6. Sharma, B.N : Life in Northern India, Munshi Ram Manohar Lal, Delhi, 1966
7. Singh,Kirpal : History and Culture of the Punjab, Part II(Medieval Period), Publication Bureau, Punjabi University, Patiala 1990(3rd edn.).
Note: The following categories of the students shall be entitled to take option of History & Culture of Punjab in lieu of Punjabi as compulsory subject:
A. That the students who have not studied Punjabi upto class 10th.
B. Ward of / and Defence Personnel and Central Govt. Employee/ Employees who are transferrable on all India basis.
C. Foreigners
B.SC PART I
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION
SECOND SEMESTER

BMF 2001 – INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY & FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 60
Int. Ass. : 15
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To provide an insight into the basic principles of Fermentation Technology and Downstream Processing which involves strain selection, media formulation, sterilization, inoculum development, design of bioreactors and product recovery. Paper also deals with production and use of various fermented products. The syllabus of this paper is designed not only to give theoretical knowledge but 25% weightage is given to impart hands on training to enhance the skills.

UNIT I
1. Introduction – Importance of fermentation technology, Basic steps of industrial fermentation; Primary and Secondary metabolites.
2. Industrially important microbes – Industrially important microbes; Isolation and Screening, Improvement and Preservation of Industrial microorganisms.
3. Fermentation media and inoculum development – Medium formulation and common substrates used in fermentation industry; Methods of media sterilization, Inoculum preparation for microbial fermentations.

UNIT II
4. Fermentation – Types of fermentations- Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation, Submerged and solid state fermentation, Batch and Continuous fermentation systems.
6. Downstream Processing of industrial fermentations – General procedures for recovery and purification of products- separation of biomass and insolubles; cell disruption and recovery and purification.

UNIT III
7. Alcoholic beverages and Solvent: Industrial production of Beer, Wine and Ethanol
8. Organic acids: Acetic Acid, Citric Acid, Lactic acid.

UNIT IV
10. Microbial Biomass: Single cell protein production
11. Microbial Enzymes: Industrial production of microbial enzymes-amylase and protease; Immobilization of enzymes and their applications.

REFERENCE BOOKS
BMF 2002 - PRINCIPLES OF FOOD PRESERVATION AND PACKAGING

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 60
Int. Ass. : 15
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: The paper deals with different methods of food processing and preservation methods, recent advances and food packaging concepts. The syllabus of this paper is designed not only to give theoretical knowledge but 25% weightage is given to impart hands on training to enhance the skills.

UNIT I

1. Introduction - General principles of food preservation, Historical development.
2. Preservation by Heat - Heat transfer, Heat treatments – Blanching; Pasteurization; Sterilization; Boiling and Canning, TDT Curve, D value, F value, 12D concept.
3. Refrigeration & Freezing of foods – Differences between - refrigeration and freezing; Effect of refrigerated and frozen storage on food; Immersion freezing.

UNIT II

4. Preservation by Drying - Drying curve, Factors affecting drying, Methods of drying & dehydration - Air convection dryers; Fluidized bed drier; roller drier; vacuum drier; spray drier; Freeze – Drying, Intermediate Moisture foods.
5. Preservation by Concentration - Methods of concentration, Types of Evaporators.
6. Preservation by Radiations - Types of Radiations, Effects of Radiations, Dose – Determining Factors, Status of Irradiated foods in India, Microwave, Ohmic heating.

UNIT III

8. Recent Trends in Food Processing - Overview of Extrusion cooking, Reverse Osmosis, Electrodialysis, Ultrafiltration, High Pressure Processing. Pulse electric field preservation.

UNIT IV

11. Packaging Methods - Form fill seal packaging, Hermetic closures, Retortable pouches, Aseptic packaging, Inert gas packaging, Active & Intelligent Packaging, vacuum packaging, CAP and MAP.
12. Packaging of Food Products - Description of packaging of -
   a) Frozen products
   b) Dried products
   c) Chemically preserved foods
   d) Fats and oils
   e) Confectionery and bakery
   f) Fruit juices
   g) Heat processed foods
   h) Fresh produce (Eggs, Meat, Fruits and Vegetables)
REFERENCE BOOKS –

1. Jood, Sudesh, 2009, Food Preservation, Agrotech Publisher Academy, Udaipur.
1. Screening of microbes producing industrially important enzyme.
2. Maintenance and preservation of pure culture.
3. Determination of cell biomass.
5. To study the effect of energy source and role of buffers on the growth of microbes.
6. To study the effect of temperature and pH on the growth of microbes.
7. To study the effect of aeration and substrate concentration on the growth of bacteria.
8. Isolation of LAB in pure culture.
11. To study solid state and submerged fermentation techniques.
12. To study probiotic bacteria.
13. Lab scale production of an enzyme.
14. Lab scale preparation of ethanol.
15. Study of Cell/enzyme immobilization techniques.
1. To blanch a seasonal fruit or vegetable & assess quality of blanching process.
2. To study the effect of browning on raw fruits & vegetables.
3. Preparation of drying curve.
4. To study effect of heat and acidity on milk proteins.
5. To study the effectiveness of pasteurization by phosphatase test.
6. To study Pasteurization of milk using microwave technique.
7. To study the different packaging materials
8. Determination of water vapour transmission rate for various packaging materials.
9. To determine grease resistance of packaging material.
10. To determine the wax content in given wax paper.
11. To estimate the basis weight of given packaging material.
13. Determination of uniformity of tin coating and tin crystal size on given tin plate.
14. To study the effect of addition of different chemical preservatives on food quality.
15. To study the synergistic / antagonistic combination of GRAS additives.
पेशी

मौसमद दुमा

लूट अंतर्वेद: 50
खिचड़ी: 45
मिट्टीदर आमिरेंट: 5
सर्किट: 3 पीढ़ी

पाठवृत्त

1. पेशी बनाने लगा अधिष्ठात
2. पैंडा-डिज्न
3. विख्याति

वेलम

आमु-आलम (वहिन) तक वक्ता साधारण
मंदिर डरा. महात्मा रघुवर जी. भारती भाषा अधिष्ठात
पुस्तक: विवरण रत्ना पुस्तक प्रकाशित, भारत सरकार, 2006

1. आमु-आलम प्रमाण के बजाय बना बनाने वालों में पृष्ठ विभागिता
(2 चेविंग)
2. आमु-आलम प्रमाण विचारों वर्गीय वर्गीय में विभाग रूपी बने में पृष्ठ
विभाग (2 चेविंग)
3. वेलम विश्वविद्यालय दुमा-प्रमाण (आमु-आलम) वर्गीय वर्गीय में सक्षम
मंदिर प्रमाण विचार दिवस पुस्तकों दे हिंदी (7 चेविंग)
4. महात्मा भगवति अध्यक्ष दे मंदिर कुठे धनकुठे भाषितसार पक्ष पृष्ठ विभाग
(2 चेविंग)
5. विख्याति:
(1) विश्वविद्यालय
(2) पुस्तक के विकस
(3) विद्यालयों में बनावट बनावट
(4) विविध बाह्यांतर विद्यालयों
6. प्रमाण विचार सर्गस्थल वर्गीय में नीचे, वक्ता दे जेम्पाचा
विश्वस्त है: महात्मा भगवति कुठे उद्धृत विचार 6 पीढ़ी
OR

BIN-2003  HISTORY AND CULTURE OF PUNJAB-II

Instructions for the paper-setter and candidates: (for paper in Semester I & II)

1. The syllabus has been divided into four Units.
   There shall be 9 questions in all. The first question is compulsory and shall be short answer type containing 10 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 5 short answer type questions. Each question will carry 1 mark. Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each Unit shall have two essay type questions and the candidate shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit-IV in all. Each question will carry 10 marks.

2. For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.
   The paper-setter must put note (2) in the question paper.

3. One question from Unit-IV shall be set on the map.

Explanation:
1. Each essay type question would cover about one-third or one-half of a topic detailed in the syllabus.

2. The distribution of marks for the map question would be as under:
   Map: 06 Marks
   Explanatory Note: 04 Marks
   In case a paper setter chooses to set a question of map on important historical places, the paper setter will be required to ask the students to mark 6 places on map of 1 mark each and write explanatory note on any two of 2 marks each.

3. The paper-setter would avoid repetition between different types of question within one question paper.

PAPER: HISTORY AND CULTURE OF PUNJAB IN THE COLONIAL AND POST INDEPENDENCE TIMES

Max. Marks: 50
Theory: 45
Internal Assessment: 05
Time: 3 Hours

Objectives: To introduce the students to the history of Punjab region in the Modern times.

Pedagogy: Lectures, library work and discussions.

UNIT I
1. Introduction of Colonial Rule in Punjab: Annexation of Punjab; Board of Administration
2. Western Education: Growth of Education and rise of middle classes
3. Agrarian Development: Commercialization of agriculture; canalization and colonization.

UNIT II
5. Socio Religious Reform Movements: activities of Arya Samaj; Singh sabhas; Ahmadiyas.
6. Development of Press & literature: growth of press; development in literature

UNIT III
7. Emergence Of Political Consciousness: Agrarian uprising 1907; Ghadar Movement.
8. Gurudwara Reform Movement: Jallianwala Bagh; foundation of SGPC and Akali Dal; Morchas; Activities of Babbar Akalis.
9. Struggle for Freedom: activities of revolutionaries - Naujawan Bharat Sabha; Kirti Kissan Movement; participation in mass movements – non co-operation, civil disobedience, Quit India.

UNIT IV
10. Partition and its Aftermath: resettlement; rehabilitation
12. MAP(Physical geographical map of undivided Punjab): Major Historical places: Delhi, Kurukshetra, Jaito, Ferozepur, Ambala, Amritsar, Lahore, Ludhiana, Qadian, Jalandhar, Lyallpur, Montgomery.

Suggested Readings:

1. Singh, Kirpal :History and Culture os the Punjab, Part II(Medieval Period), Publication Bureau, Punjabi University, Patiala 1990(3rd edn.).


ENVIRONMENT, ROAD SAFETY EDUCATION AND VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND CHILDREN (SEMESTER – II)

Note: The syllabus has 15 topics to be covered in 25 hour lectures in total, with 2 lectures in each topic from 2 to 11 and one each for the topics 1 and 12 to 15.

1. Environment Concept:
Introduction, concept of biosphere – lithosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere; Natural resources – their need and types; Principles and scope of Ecology; concepts of ecosystem, population, community, biotic interactions, biomes, ecological succession.

2. Atmosphere:
Parts of atmosphere, components of air; pollution, pollutants, their sources, permissible limits, risks and possible control measures.

3. Hydrosphere:
Types of aquatic systems; Major sources (including ground water) and uses of water, problems of the hydrosphere, fresh water shortage; pollution and pollutants of water, permissible limits, risks and possible control measures.

4. Lithosphere:
Earth crust, soil – a life support system, its texture, types, components, pollution and pollutants, reasons of soil erosion and possible control measures.

5. Forests:
Concept of forests and plantations, types of vegetation and forests, factors governing vegetation, role of trees and forests in environment, various forestry programmes of the Govt. of India, Urban Forests, Chipko Andolan.

6. Conservation of Environment:
The concepts of conservation and sustainable development, why to conserve, aims and objectives of conservation, policies of conservation; conservation of life support systems – soil, water, air, wildlife, forests.

7. Management of Solid Waste:
Merits and demerits of different ways of solid waste management– open dumping, landfill, incineration, resource reduction, recycling and reuse, vermicomposting and vermiculture, organic farming.

8. Indoor Environment:
Pollutants and contaminants of the in-house environment; problems of the environment linked to urban and rural lifestyles; possible adulterants of the food; uses and harms of plastics and polythene; hazardous chemicals, solvents and cosmetics.

9. Global Environmental Issues:
Global concern, creation of UNEP; Conventions on climate change, Convention on biodiversity; Stratospheric ozone depletion, dangers associated and possible solutions.
10. Indian Laws on Environment:
Indian laws pertaining to Environmental protection: Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; General information about laws relating to control of air, water and noise pollution. What to do to seek redressal.

11. Biodiversity:
What is biodiversity, levels and types of biodiversity, importance of biodiversity, causes of its loss, how to check its loss; Hotspot zones of the world and India, Biodiversity Act, 2002.

12. Noise and Microbial Pollution:
Pollution due to noise and microbes and their effects.

13. Human Population and Environment:

14. Social Issues:
Environmental Ethics: Issues and possible solutions, problems related to lifestyle, sustainable development; Consumerisms and waste generation.

15. Local Environmental Issues:
Environmental problems in rural and urban areas. Problem of Congress Grass & other weeds, problems arising from the use of pesticides and weedicides, smoking etc.

Practical
Depending on the available facility in the college, a visit to vermi composting units or any other such non-polluting eco-friendly site or planting/caring of vegetation/trees could be taken.

Examination Pattern:
A qualifying paper of 50 marks comprising of fifty multiple choice questions (with one correct and three incorrect alternatives and no deduction for wrong answer or un-attempted question), and of 1 hour duration.

The students have to obtain 33% marks to qualify the paper. The marks are not added / included in the final mark sheet.

UNIT II (ROAD SAFETY)

1. Concept and Significance of Road Safety.
2. Role of Traffic Police in Road Safety.
3. Traffic Engineering – Concept & Significance.
5. How to obtain Driving License.
7. Common Driving mistakes.
8. Significance of First-aid in Road Safety.
9. Role of Civil Society in Road Safety.
Note: Examination Pattern:
- The Environment and Road Safety paper is 70 marks.
- Seventy multiple choice questions (with one correct and three incorrect alternatives and no deduction for wrong or un-attempted questions).
- The paper shall have two units: Unit I (Environment) and Unit II (Road Safety).
- Unit II shall comprise of 20 questions with minimum of 1 question from each topics 1 to 10.
- The entire syllabus of Unit II is to be covered in 10 hours.
- All the questions are to be attempted.
- Qualifying Marks 33 per cent i.e. 23 marks out of 70.
- Duration of examination: 90 minutes.
- The paper setter is requested to set the questions strictly according to the syllabus.

Suggested Readings

2. Road Safety Signage and Signs (2011), Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Government of India.

Websites:

(a) www.chandigarhpolice.nic.in
(b) www.punjabpolice.gov.in
(c) www.haryanapolice.gov.in
(d) www.hppolice.nic.in
VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN & CHILDREN

1. Concept and Types of Violence: Meaning and Definition of violence; Types of Violence against women – domestic violence, sexual violence (including rape), sexual harassment, emotional/psychological violence; Types of Violence against children – physical violence, sexual violence, verbal and emotional abuse, neglect & abandonment.

2. Protective Provisions of IPC on Domestic Violence & Sexual Violence against Women:
   - **Dowry Death** – Section 304B;
   - **Rape** – Sections 375, 376(1), 376A, 376B, 376C, 376D and 376E;
   - **Cruelty** – Section 498A;
   - **Insult to Modesty** – The Indian Penal Code does not define the word eve-teasing; there are three sections which deal with crime of eve-teasing. These are Sections, 294, 354 and 509 of Indian Penal Code. Section 509 of the Indian penal code defines (Word, gesture or act intended to insult the modesty of a woman), Section 294 – (Obscene acts and songs) and Section 354 (Assault or criminal force to woman with intent to outrage her modesty);
   - **Hurt & Grievous Hurt Provisions** – Sections 319 to 326;
   - **Acid Attacks** – Sections 326A and 326B;
   - **Female Infanticide** – Section 312, Section 313 of Indian Penal Code (Causing miscarriage without women’s consent) and section 314;
   - **Sexual Harassment** – For providing protection to working women against sexual harassment, a new section 354 A is added; 354 B (Assault or use of criminal force to women with intent to disrobe); 354 C Voyeurism; 354 D (Stalking). All these provisions are added in IPC to protect women against acts of violence through Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013;
   - **Human Trafficking and Forced Prostitution** – Sections 370 and 370A

3. Protective Laws for Women:


3.2 **The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013** – Definition, Internal Complaint Committee, Local Complaint Committee, Procedure adopted by Committee for punishing accused.

4. **Protective Provisions of IPC regarding Sexual Violence against Children:**
   - **Section 293 (sale etc. of obscene objects to young persons);** 294 (obscene acts & songs); 305 (abetment of suicide of child); 315 to 317 (act causing death after birth of a child etc.); 361 (kidnapping from lawful guardianship); 362 (abduction); 363 (punishment for kidnapping); 363A (kidnapping or maiming a minor for purposing of begging); 364A (kidnapping for ransom etc.); 366 (kidnapping etc. to compel woman for marriage etc.); 366A (procuration of minor girl for illicit forced intercourse); 366B (importation of girl from foreign country); 367 (kidnapping/abduction in order to subject person
to grievous hurt, slavery etc.; 369 (kidnapping adductive child under 10 year with intent to steal from its person); 372 & 373 (selling & buying minor for purposes of prostitution etc.).

4.1 The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012: An overview of the POCSO, relevant legal provisions and guidelines for the protection of children against sexual offences along with punishments; role of doctors, psychologists & mental experts as per rules of POCSO.

Note: Instructions for Examination:

- Unit III of the paper dealing with Violence against Women and Children is of 30 Marks.
- It shall have 30 multiple-choice questions (with one correct and three incorrect choice options and no deduction of marks for wrong or un-attempted questions).
- Minimum two questions from each topic must be covered.
- All the questions are to be attempted
- Qualifying Marks 33 percent
- Duration of Examination 30 Minutes
- The Paper Setter is requested to set the questions strictly according to the syllabus.

Pedagogy:

- The entire syllabus of Unit III is to be covered in ten hours in total, with each lecture of one-hour duration.
- The purpose behind imparting teaching-learning instructions is to create basic understanding of the contents of the Unit III among the students.

RELEVANT READING MATERIAL

Ahuja, Ram (1998), Violence against Women, New Delhi: Rawat Publication
NRHM, Child Abuse, A Guidebook for the Media on Sexual Violence against Children
The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012
The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005
The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
UNO, United Nations Secretary-General's Study on Violence against Children, adapted for Children and Young People
Unit IV( Drug Abuse)

Drug Abuse: Problem, Prevention and Management

Note: This is a compulsory qualifying paper, which the students have to study and qualify during three year of degree course.

The paper/Topic “Drug Abuse: Problem, Prevention and Management” having 2 credit/50 marks (40 theory+10 Internal) at undergraduate level, as a fourth part of the paper ‘Environment, Road Safety Education and Violence against Women and Children’ from the academic session 2017-18.

Main Objective

This module introduces to the students the problem of drug abuse and its adverse consequences for the society. The students would get an understanding of why drug abuse is such a serious problem to our society. The course also apprises them of how to prevent and manage this menace.

Learning objectives of the course

1. Understand the meaning of the term drug.
2. Understand the difference between use, misuse and abuse of drugs.
3. Differentiate between commonly abused legal and illegal drugs.
5. Understand the causes and consequences of drug abuse
6. Identify and access safety measures for support to stay away/give up drug abuse

Pedagogy of the course work

1. 70 % Lectures (Including expert lectures)
2. 30% assignments, discussion, seminars and class tests.
   • A visit to drug de-addiction centre could also be undertaken

Course content

UNIT I: Problem of Drug Abuse


b) Types of drugs often abused and their effects

Stimulants: tobacco Amphetamines: dl-amphetamine (Benzedrine ®), dextroamphetamine (Dexedrine®). Cocaine.

Depressants: Alcohol. Barbiturates: phenobarbitone (Nembutal®), secobarbital (Seconal®), Benzodiazepenes: diazepam (valium ®), alprazolam (Xanax®), flunitrazepam (Rohypnol®)

Narcotics: Morphine, heroin (‘Chitta’/ ‘Brown Sugar’), pethidine, oxycodone.
Hallucinogens: cannabis ['Bhang', marijuana ('Ganja'), hashish ('Charas'), hash oil], MDMA (3,4-methylenedioxy methamphetamine) /'Ecstasy'/ 'Molly', LSD (lysergic acid diethylamide).

Miscellaneous: cough/cold medicines: diphendydramine (Benadryl®), chlorpheneramine maleate+ codeine+alcohol (Corex®). Iodex®, Vicks®, Amrutanjan® and correction fluid (Whitener).

UNIT II: Theories of consequences of drug abuse

a) Theories of drug abuse: Physiological theory. Psychological theory. Sociological theory.

b) Consequences of drug abuse: For individuals, families, society and economy.

Unit III: Extent and nature of the problem


UNIT IV: Prevention and management of drug abuse


Suggested readings:

5. 2003 National Household survey of Alcohol and Drug Abuse. New Delhi, Clinical Epidemiological Unit, AIIMS, 2004
B.Sc. PART II
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION
THIRD SEMESTER

BMF 3001– BIOANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: The paper is designed to impart knowledge on basic principle, types, technique and applications of various analytical instruments viz chromatography, electrophoresis, spectroscopy etc.

UNIT I
1. Microscopy - Principle and applications of Bright field, Fluorescence, Dark field and Electron microscopy, Direct Epifluorescent Filter Technique, Fixation and Staining.
3. Centrifugation: Principles and applications of Density gradient and Differential centrifugation; Ultracentrifugation.

UNIT II
4. Electrophoresis – Types of electrophoresis; Principles and application of Agarose Gel Electrophoresis; SDS-PAGE electrophoresis; Immunoelectrophoresis and 2-D Electrophoresis.
5. Refractometry - Basic Principle; specific and molar refractions; Refractometers-Principle and its Applications.
6. Polarimetry - Basic principle of Polarimeter and its applications

UNIT III
7. Spectroscopy - Basic principle of absorption of light, Principle and applications of UV and Visible; Atomic absorption; Nuclear magnetic resonance and Mass spectroscopy.
8. Fluorescence spectroscopy - Fluorescence methods; filter fluorometers; Fluoroscence Spectrophotometer

UNIT IV
10. Biosensors: Principle; types and applications of biosensors.
11. Tracer techniques: Use of radioisotope, detection and measurement of radioactivity; specific activity; applications in food sector.

REFERENCE BOOKS -
B.Sc. PART II
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION
THIRD SEMESTER

BMF 3002- PROCESSING OF FOODS OF PLANT ORIGIN Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To introduce to students to post harvest processing of fruits, vegetables, cereals, pulses and oil seeds, FPO standards of processed fruit and vegetable products, preparation of processed foods of plant origin and their utilization.

UNIT I
1. Physiology of ripening. Effect of physical and chemical treatments on post harvest life of fruits and vegetables, Storage and handling of fresh fruits and vegetables, Preparation of fruits and vegetables for processing, Preparation of fruit juices and pectin.
2. FSSAI/FPO Standards and preparation of jam, jellies, marmalades, tomato products, preserves and pickles.
3. By– product utilization of fruits and vegetable processing industry.

UNIT II
4. Structure and composition of different grains like wheat, rice, etc. Milling of wheat. Flour quality, Technology of baking bread, biscuit and cereal based infant foods.
5. Milling and parboiling of rice, Rice bran oil, Wet and dry milling of corn.
6. Breakfast cereals – Porridge and flakes

UNIT III
7. Nutritional value of pulses.
9. Anti nutritinal component of pulses, Application of enzymes in processing of cereals and pulses.

UNIT IV
11. Extraction and purification of oils, preparation of various products including margarine, salad dressing & mayonnaise.
12. Nutritional food mixes from oilseeds – Oilseeds for food use

REFERENCE BOOKS –
BMF 3051 – BIOANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

1. Determination of molar absorption coefficient of L-tyrosine
3. Quantitative estimation of total sugars by anthrone method.
5. Separation of amino acids by paper electrophoresis.
6. Separation of blue dextran and potassium dichromate by gel-filteration chromatography.
7. Separation of plant pigments by TLC.
8. Separation of lipids by TLC.
12. Estimation of total serum cholesterol by Zak & Henly’s method
15. To study the effect of ultraviolet light on Vitamin A.
BMF 3052- PROCESSING OF FOODS OF PLANT ORIGIN

1. Estimation of Ascorbic Acid content spectrophotometrically.
2. Determine Brix : Acid ratio of fruits and vegetable products.
3. To study the physical characteristics of cereals.
4. Estimation of WAP and Gluten content of wheat flour.
5. Estimation of particle size of different types of flour.
6. Determination of physical characteristics (Specific gravity, Refractive index & Melting point ) of Peanut Butter.
8. Determine free fatty acid value of a given oil sample.
9. Qualitative and Quantitative determination of oil rancidity.
10. Determination of Sulphur Dioxide in processed fruits and vegetables
11. Estimation of total aldehydes by hydroxylamine titration in citrus oils.
12. Preparation of jellies and marmalades.
13. Quality evaluation of wheat flour
14. Determination of starch gelatinization from different plant sources.
15. Estimation of Trypsin Inhibitor / cyanogenic glucosides in pulses.
B.Sc. PART II
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION
FOURTH SEMESTER

BMF 4001 – MICROBIAL GENETICS & r-DNA TECHNOLOGY

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To make the students understand the fundamental concepts of genetics which includes DNA structure, replication, transcription, translation, mutation, gene regulation and techniques related to genetic engineering.

UNIT I
1. Genome organization in prokaryotes – Molecular nature of the genetic material, Composition and structure of prokaryotic DNA and RNA, Types of RNA.
2. DNA Replication- DNA replication mechanism in prokaryotes, Enzymes involved in DNA replication, theta and sigma modes of replication.

UNIT II
5. Genetic Exchange – Gene transfer by Transformation; Generalized and Specialized transduction; Conjugation processes.

UNIT III
7. Recombinant DNA Technology- Tools of genetic engineering- DNA cloning vectors- Plasmids, Cosmids, Phage vectors, Shuttle vectors, Expression vectors, BAC/YAC vectors; Restriction endonuclease, DNA ligase, Alkaline phosphatase, DNA polymerase, Exonuclease.
8. Gene cloning – Basic techniques used to identify, amplify and clone genes; Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and Screening of DNA libraries.
9. Applications of Recombinant DNA Technology in health and food sector.

UNIT IV
10. DNA Transferring Mechanisms – Chemical methods, biolistic gun, Electroporation, Liposome mediated gene transfer and phage transfection.
11. DNA amplification- PCR; Types and Applications.
12. Techniques of molecular biology- Dot- Blot, Southern blotting, Northern blotting and Western blotting techniques, DNA sequencing by Maxam-Gilbert, Dideoxy chain termination and Automated dideoxy method, Oligonucleotide mediated site directed mutagenesis.
REFERENCE BOOKS –

2. Karp, Gerald, 2005, Cell and Molecular Biology, Wiley International, USA.
3. Snusted and Simmons, 2012, Principles of genetics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc
B.Sc. PART II
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION
FOURTH SEMESTER

BMF 4002- PROCESSING OF FOODS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN  Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: The paper provides an insight to milk composition, milk processing techniques, milk products, meat structure and processing as well as egg and fish technology.

UNIT I
1. FSSAI/PFA Definition of milk; Chemical composition of milk of different species i.e. Buffalo, Cow (foreign), Cow (sindhi), Goat, Murrah, Jersey.
3. Processing of different types of market milk – Pasteurized, Sterilized, Homogenized, Flavored, Toned and Double Toned milk.

UNIT II
4. Definition, composition and technology of milk products –
   a. Butter.
   b. Ghee.
   c. Ice cream.
   d. Evaporated and condensed milk.
   e. Dried milk.
6. Cheese – Definition, composition and types of cheese; Basic steps in cheese making; Cheddar cheese, Cottage cheese, Blue cheese, Mozzarella cheese and Processed cheese.

UNIT III
7. Chemistry and microscopic structure of meat tissue; Meat pigments and color changes.

UNIT IV
12. Nutritional value of fish; procurement of fish. Canning of fish and fish products; Fish products – Fish oil, Fish flour, Fish sauce, Dried fish meal and Fish protein concentrates.

REFERENCE BOOKS –
1. De, Sukumar, 2012, Outlines of Dairy Technology, Oxford Univ. Press, ND
PRACTICAL
B.Sc. PART II
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION
SEMESTER IV

Max. Marks : 25
Int. Ass. : 2.5
Time : 3 hours

BMF 4051 (MICROBIAL GENETICS & R- DNA TECHNOLOGY)

1. Preparation of reagents involved in DNA work.
2. Isolation of genomic DNA from bacteria.
3. Estimation of DNA by Diphenylamine method.
4. Isolation of plasmid DNA.
5. Preparation and running of agarose gel and detection of DNA on the gels.
6. Estimation of RNA content by the Orcinol method.
8. Demonstration of photoreactivation repair mechanism in bacteria.
9. Isolation of nutritional mutants.
11. Selection of Antibiotic resistant variants by gradient plate method.
12. Spectrophotometric quantitative estimation of DNA.
BMF 4052- (PROCESSING OF FOODS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN)

1. To check the heat stability of milk by COB and Alcohol tests.
3. Determination of specific gravity, SNF % and TS% of milk.
4. Estimate the milk fat by Gerber method.
5. To determine the Casein content of the milk.
6. To check the sterility of milk by Turbidity test.
7. Bacteriological estimation of milk by MBRT.
8. Physical and chemical analysis of milk & milk products
9. To estimate the salt content in butter.
11. To estimate the purity of ghee by Baudouin test.
12. Testing the adulteration in milk & milk products
13. Preparation of Ghee by different methods.
14. Quality of egg & egg powder, egg preservation.
15. Evaluation of quality of meat, fish & poultry
BMF 5001: ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: The paper basic knowledge on microbial diversity in natural sources, microbial interactions and adaptations, role of microorganism in maintenance of life on earth and in water quality

UNIT I

1. Soil Microbiology: Composition of soil, Enrichment, Isolation and characterization of soil microbes and their products; Soil enzymes as indicator of ecosystem.

2. Biological Interactions: Microbial interactions (positive, negative and neutral): Mutualism, protocooperation, synergism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, predation, Microbe-Plant interaction: Symbiotic and non symbiotic interactions

UNIT II

3. Biogeochemical Cycling: Carbon cycle: Microbial degradation of cellulose, hemicelluloses, lignin and chitin
   Nitrogen cycle: Nitrogen fixation, ammonification, nitrification, denitrification and nitrate reduction.
   Phosphorus cycle: Phosphate solubilisation.
   Sulphur cycle: Microbes involved in sulphur cycle.
   Water cycle

4. Biofertilizer and Biopesticides: Microbial Biofertilizers, Biopesticides; Advantages over chemical fertilizers and pesticides.

UNIT III

5. Bioremediation, Bioabsorption and Biodegradation: Introduction to microbiology of bioremediation; Microbial biodegradation of toxic chemicals, Bioabsorption, Microbial deterioration of paper, wood and textiles.


UNIT IV

7. Solid Waste Management: Solid Waste management: Sources and types of solid waste, Methods of solid waste disposal (Landfilling, Trench method, Composting and Vermicomposting).

8. Liquid Waste Management: BOD and COD, Primary, secondary (oxidation ponds, trickling filter, activated sludge process and septic tank) and tertiary sewage treatment; Bacterial indicators of water safety, waste water treatment by biofilms.

REFERENCE BOOKS –

In this document, you'll find the syllabus for BMF 5002 – FOOD ANALYSIS AND QUALITY CONTROL, which is part of the B.Sc. Part III (Microbial and Food Technology) curriculum. The syllabus is divided into three units:

**UNIT I**
- **Sampling**
  - Sampling techniques and preparation of food samples. Sampling of Milk, Fruit and Vegetable products; Eggs; Dried & Frozen food products.
- **Proximate analysis of food**
  - Moisture
  - Carbohydrates
  - Proteins
  - Fats
  - Crude Fiber
  - Ash content and its composition
  - Minerals
  - Vitamins
- Physico chemical properties, TS, TSS, Acidity, solubility, sedimentation etc.

**UNIT II**
- **Sensory assessment of food quality**
  - Appearance of food – Size, Shape & Colour.
  - Flavor of food – Taste & Smell, Subjective & Objective analysis.
  - Texture of food – Concept of Rheology & Viscosity, Subjective & Objective Analysis.
- **Sensory Tests**
  - Difference, Rating & Sensitivity tests.
  - Types of panels
  - Testing area & schedule.

**UNIT III**
- **Quality control of following food products**
  - Milk & milk products
  - Oils & Fats
  - Cereal grains & flours
  - Fruits & vegetable products
  - Canned foods
  - Egg & egg products
  - Meat & Meat products

- **Adulterants and Preservatives**
  - Common adulterants present in milk, tea, coffee, cereals, spices, oils & fats. Their analysis and analysis of common preservatives used in processed foods. Permissible limits of Preservatives.
UNIT IV


REFERENCE BOOKS-

1. Environmental and applied microbiology unit III microbiology of food - 2013 -Open University ; Nugegoda.
BMF 5051 – ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

1. Isolation of amylase producing bacteria from soil.
2. Isolation of protease producing bacteria from soil.
3. Isolation of lipase producing bacteria from soil.
4. Isolation of antibiotic producer from soil.
5. Isolation of cellulase producer from soil.
6. Isolation of phosphate solubilizing microbes from soil.
7. Demonstration of rhizosphere effect.
8. Determination of TS, TDS, TSS in industrial effluent.
10. Determination of BOD of industrial effluent.
11. Determination of COD of industrial effluent.
12. Isolation of ammonifying bacteria.
PRACTICAL
B.Sc. PART III
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION
SEMESTER V

Max. Marks : 25
Int. Ass. : 2.5
Time : 3 hours

BMF 5052 - FOOD ANALYSIS AND QUALITY CONTROL

1. Detection of different type of sugars in fruit juices by TLC
2. Testing of given canned product
3. Shelf life testing of packaged product by HVP method
4. Proximate analysis of Butter
5. Determination of Fructose by Roe’s Resorcinol Method.
6. Colorimetric determination of Crude Protein (Kjeldahl Nitrogen).
10. Determination of Fat by Majonnier method.
11. Determination of preservatives in milk.
12. Determination of adulterants in milk, oils & Fats, spices, Tea and Coffee
13. Estimation of Vitamin C spectrophotometrically
14. To prepare a chart of specifications for different Food products as specified by BIS
15. Determine the Critical Control Points for production line of Milk, Fruits & Vegetables and Meat industry as per HACCP system.
BMF 6001: INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To educate the students about different intellectual property rights including patents, copyright, industrial designs, trademarks, plant varieties and trade secrets. The syllabus of this paper is designed not only to give theoretical knowledge but 25% weightage is given to impart hands on training to enhance the skills.

Unit I
Introduction to Intellectual Property
Concept of ‘prior art’
Invention in context of “prior art”; Patent databases; Searching International Databases; Country-wise patent searches (USPTO, EPO, India).

Unit II
Basics of Patents
Patent Claims; Ownership of Tangible and Intellectual Process; Basic requirements of patentability; Patentable subject matter; Novelty and public domain; Non – obviousness; Types of patents; Indian Patent Act 1970; Recent amendments.

Patent filing and Infringement
Patent application – forms, guidelines, fee structure, time frames; Types of patent applications: provisional and complete specifications; PCT and conventional patent applications; Filing of conventional patent application; Procedure for filing a PCT application; PCT and Implications; Patent infringement: meaning, scope, case studies and examples.

Unit III
Special issues in Patents
Disclosure requirements, Collaborative research, competitive research, Foreign Patents.

Patent authority
Role of a Country Patent Office; International patenting; Publication of patents - gazette of India, status in Europe and US; Patenting by research students, lecturers and scientists - University/organizational rules in India and abroad, credit sharing by workers, financial incentives.

Unit IV
Nanotech policy: Regulation and Liability
Government policy, regulatory agencies, framing the rules, quality of information, food and drugs evaluation and research, classification of medical products. Safe workplace, Self-regulation. Liability – responsibility of a scientist, civil and criminal laws in nanotechnology, Negligence to nanotechnology – breach of duty, causation, damage and defence. Liability for nanoparticles, risk associated with nanoparticles, class action and certification.

References
B.Sc. PART III
(MICROBIAL AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY)
THIRD YEAR EXAMINATION
SIXTH SEMESTER

BMF 6002: FOOD ENGINEERING

Max. Marks : 75
Theory : 67
Int. Ass. : 8
Time : 3 hours

Instructions for the examiner: The Question Paper will have four sections. Examiner will set a total of nine questions comprising two questions from each unit, and one compulsory question of short answer type covering the whole syllabus. Students will attempt one question from each unit and the compulsory question. All questions may carry equal marks, unless specified.

Objectives: To educate students in different aspects of food engineering and their applications in food processing, it also deals with concepts of heat and mass transfer and food processing equipments.

UNIT I
1. Units and Dimensions: Concept of Unit operation, Mass Energy balance, Dimensions and Units, Unit Conversion, Dimensional Analysis
2. Psychrometric chart: Dry and wet bulb temperature, HUMIDITY & RELATIVE HUMIDITY, adiabatic saturation temperature, Dew point, Information about psychometric chart
3. Refrigeration: Reverse Carnot’s cycle, Pressure enthalpy chart, temperature entropy chart, vapor compression refrigeration system, equipment’s C.O.P., Refrigeration load calculation, Application of refrigeration in food processing operations

UNIT II
4. Freezing: Principles and methods, Different types of Freezers, Industrial problems associated of frozen storage food products
5. Introduction to Heat Transfer: Heat Transfer, modes of heat transfer, conduction through a flat wall, conduction through hollow cylinder, convective heat transfer, radiation heat transfer
6. Heat transfer Equipments and Design: Heat Transfer equipments, parallel and counter current flow heat exchangers, Logarithmic mean temperature difference, heat transfer coefficient, heat exchanger design (preliminary), concept of black body, Emissivity and Absorptivity

UNIT III
7. Flow of fluids: Types of fluids and fluid flows, viscosity, Bernoulie’s equation and its application for measurement of flow rate Different types of pumps (Reciprocating, rotary and centrifugal pumps).
8. Evaporation: Mechanisms of vaporization, Boiling Point elevation, Different types of evaporators, Evaporation of heat sensitive materials

UNIT IV
11. Separation processes: Principles and methods of gas absorption, Distillation, Extraction and washing, Filtration, sedimentation, sieving, centrifugation
12. Membrane Separation Processes: Separation by Sieving, Screen effectiveness; Theory of filtration, Reverse Osmosis, Nano filtration and Ultra filtration

REFERENCE BOOKS –

BMF 6051 – INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS
Visit to Industry/ Educational Institution/ Research Organization / Regulatory or promotional institutions etc. and submission of written Report and its presentation.

BMF 6052 – FOOD ENGINEERING

1. Measurement of rupture angle and angle of intergranular friction of grains and powders
2. Particle size analysis and energy requirement in comminution
3. Homogenization of milk and measurement of size of fat globules before and after homogenization
4. Coefficient of viscosity of water, milk, juices etc. by flow through a capillary tube
5. Surface tension of water by Jaeger’s method
6. Mechanical equivalent of heat by calendar and Borne’s apparatus
7. Design of piping and piping network
8. Design of conveyor system for solids
9. Drying rate curves for different wet materials
10. Study of different types of heat exchangers
11. Food Plant Design and preparation of layout
12. To solve problems based on Psychometric chart
14. To study different components of refrigeration system.
15. To study thermal properties of foods.